Pending Claims

The listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings of claims in the application.

- 1. (Currently Amended) A method for measuring and analyzing data contained within pulses of an analog electronic signal derived from optical measurements in a flow cytometer, the electronic signal comprising a first data channel, the method eharacterized by comprising the steps of:
 - (a) removing a DC offset from the signal with a base line restoration circuit to obtain a base line restored signal;
 - (b) transforming the <u>base line restored</u> signal with a logarithmic amplifier;
 - (c) sampling the transformed signal with an analog-to-digital converter so as to produce a digital signal; and
 - (d) analyzing the digital signal with an electronic processor.
- 2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the processor performs peak sample and hold analysis upon the digital signal.
- 3. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the processor further analyzes a second digital signal comprising a second data channel of the flow cytometer.

- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the DC offset is locked during pulses of the electronic signal.
- 5. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, characterized by comprising the further step, between the transforming step (b) and the sampling step (c) of calibrating a gain of the transformed signal.
- 6. (Currently amended) The method of claim 1, characterized by comprising the further steps of:
 - (e) controlling a digital-to-analog converter based upon the signal analysis performed by the processor; and
 - (f) inputting a DC voltage from the digital-to-analog converter to the base line restoration circuit.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the processor calibrates for errors in the transformed signal output of the logarithmic amplifier.
- 8. (Currently amended) The method of claim 7, wherein the calibration is performed by means of using a lookup table for correcting output values of the analog-to-digital converter.
- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the analog-to-digital converter samples at a lower bit resolution than is required to analyze the signal prior to the transforming step (b).

- 10. (Currently amended) An A system for measuring and analyzing data contained within pulses of an electronic signal derived from optical measurements in a flow cytometer, the electronic signal comprising a first data channel, the system eharacterized by comprising:
 - a base line restoration circuit receiving and removing a DC offset from the electronic signal;
 - a logarithmic amplifier receiving the signal from the base line restoration circuit and transforming the signal;
 - an analog-to-digital converter receiving the transformed signal from the logarithmic amplifier and producing a digital signal; and
 - an electronic processor receiving the digital output from the analog-todigital converter.
- 11. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the processor performs peak sample and hold analysis upon the digital signal.
- 12. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the processor further analyzes a second digital signal comprising a second data channel of the flow cytometer.
- 13. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the DC offset is locked during pulses.

- 14. (Currently amended) The system of claim 10, wherein a gain of the transformed signal is calibrated.
- 15. (Currently amended) The system of claim 10, characterized by further comprising:

a digital-to-analog converter receiving a digital signal from the processor and providing a DC voltage to the base line restoration circuit.

- 16. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the processor calibrates for errors in the transformed signal output of the logarithmic amplifier.
- 17. (Original) The system of claim 16, wherein the calibration is performed by means of using a lookup table for correcting output values of the analog-to-digital converter.
- 18. (Original) The system of claim 10, wherein the analog-to-digital converter samples at a lower bit resolution than is required to analyze the signal prior to its being input to the logarithmic amplifier.